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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/037,194	11/09/2001	Haruyama Shinichi	678-756 (P9786)	6677
28249 DILWORTH &	7590 05/21/2007 & BARRESE, LLP	. •	EXAMINER	
333 EARLE O	VINGTON BLVD.		JAMAL, AL	EXANDER
	SUITE 702 UNIONDALE, NY 11553		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2614 ·	
•			,	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
	·		05/21/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/037,194	SHINICHI ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Alexander Jamal	2614				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in many be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.18 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 M</u>	arch 2007.					
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4)	4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents		)-(d) or (f).				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	·	ed in this National Stage				
* 0	application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , ,	od.				
	see the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	su.				
Attachmen		<b>△□···</b> •	(070,440)				
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	Patent Application				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

1. Based upon the submitted amendment, the examiner notes that claims 1,3 and 6 have been amended.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 3-5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tran (6184833).

As per **claims 3,4,** Tran discloses a portable phone (Figs. 14a,14b) with a dual strip antenna (dipole antenna pattern) arranged on a PCB surface (Col 6 line 61 to Col 7 line 5). Tran discloses the antenna may be micro-etched onto one side of a printed circuit board (a second surface) (Col 6 lines 65-68). Tran additionally discloses that the antenna may be mounted opposite to a mounted speaker in the device (Col 5 lines 45-55) (Col 10 lines 5-20). Examiner reads a PCB as any structure that supports said speaker (a first

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being used.

surface), and notes that mounting an antenna behind a speaker would be on the opposite side of the PCB that supports and electrically couples said speaker. The examiner notes that any supporting structure for the dual strip antenna (such as the 'ground plane' noted in Col 6 lines 60-65) could be considered an 'antenna board' as used in claim 4. Tran's phones comprise antennas that are used to radiate waves (Col 1 lines 20-25). A wave comprises a modulated voltage/current signal that will 'resonate' at whatever frequencies are being transmitted. Any modulated data that is transmitted from the phone will require

As per **claim 5**, the antenna (and it's dielectric) form a multi-layered structure to be mounted on the PCB (Fig. 4).

'resonant current' in order to produce the frequencies for whatever signaling protocol is

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1,2 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wong (6615026), and further in view of Thill (5678201).

As per claim 1, Wong discloses a plurality of antennas with each antenna coupled to power-feed phase control means (Col 3 lines 40-60, Fig. 5). The antennas are dipole antennas (Col 2 lines 45-57). Wong discloses that a radiation pattern is controlled to reduce the exposure of the human head to the radiation. The radiation pattern is controlled by controlling the amplitude or phase of the radiating elements which will control the phase and amplitude of any current fed into the antennas. Electromagnetic waveforms cancel each out when they collide (it is a property inherent to waveforms). The cumulative radiation dispersion from an antenna array is comprised of the individual antenna radiations canceling and adding to each other. Since Wong discloses controlling the phase of each antenna in order to direct the overall radiation away from the user's head, his system comprises controlling phase to cancel the waves in the vicinity of the user's head. Wong's phones comprise antennas that are used to radiate waves (Col 1 lines 10-25). A wave comprises a modulated voltage/current signal that will 'resonate' at whatever frequencies are being transmitted. Any modulated data that is transmitted from the phone will require 'resonant current' in order to produce the frequencies for whatever signaling protocol is being used. However, Wong does not disclose each antenna coupled to an individual BALUN.

Thill teaches the well known concept of using a BALUN coupled to an individual radio antenna (ABSTRACT). Thill teaches that a BALUN acts to match impedance characteristics between an antenna and the driving or receiving circuitry (Col 1 lines 10-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of this

application that each antenna could be coupled with a BALUN for the purpose of matching impedances between each stage in the circuit.

As per **claim 2**, the phase control means will adjust the power distribution ratio by varying the phases (and as such, the amplitudes) of each respective antenna signal. Wong further discloses directly controlling the amplitude of the radiating element which will also control the power distribution ratio of any current fed into the antennas. (Col 3 lines 40-45).

6. Claim 6 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tran (6184833), and further in view of Wong (6615026) and further in view of Thill (5678201).

As per **claim 6**, Tran discloses a portable phone comprising a dipole antenna mounted on a PCB opposite a speaker (as per claim 3-5 rejections). However, Tran does not disclose that the antenna is a set of dipole antennas that are fed the same power through phase control means, or that each antenna is coupled to an individual BALUN

Wong discloses a plurality of antennas with each antenna coupled to phase control means as per the rejection of claims 1,2. Wong further teaches that an array of phase controlled antennas may be used to control the direction of the radiated energy (Col 3 lines 40-60) and allow for better reception. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of this application that an array of antennas with phase

controlled power-feed could be used in the portable phone for the advantage of greater control of the radiated signals and allowing greater transmission energy to be steered towards a base station away from the user's head.

Thill teaches the well known concept of using a BALUN coupled to an individual radio antenna (ABSTRACT). Thill teaches that a BALUN acts to match impedance characteristics between an antenna and the driving or receiving circuitry (Col 1 lines 10-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of this application that each antenna could be coupled with a BALUN for the purpose of matching impedances between each stage in the circuit.

### **Response to Arguments**

- 7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.
- 1. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Jamal whose telephone number is 571-272-7498. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9AM-6PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Curtis A Kuntz can be reached on 571-272-7499. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are **571-273-8300** for regular communications and **571-273-8300** for After Final communications.

Examiner Alexander Jamal May 11, 2007

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